

LOCTITE[®] 577™

December 2009

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

LOCTITE[®] 577™ provides the following product characteristics:

onaraotonotico.			
Technology	Acrylic		
Chemical Type	Dimethacrylate ester		
Appearance (uncured)	Yellow paste ^{LMS}		
Fluorescence	Positive under UV light ^{LMS}		
Components	One component - requires no mixing		
Viscosity	High, thixotropic		
Cure	Anaerobic		
Secondary Cure	Activator		
Application	Thread sealing		
Strength	Medium		

LOCTITE[®] 577™ is designed for the locking and sealing of metal threaded pipes and fittings. Particularly suitable for use on stainless steel without the need for surface activation. The product cures when confined in the absence of air between close fitting metal surfaces and prevents loosening and leakage from shock and vibration. The thixotropic nature of LOCTITE[®] 577™ reduces the migration of liquid product after application to the substrate.

NSF International

Registered to NSF Category P1 for use as a sealant where there is no possibilty of food contact in and around food processing areas. Note: This is a regional approval. Please contact your local Technical Service Center for more information and clarification.

TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF UNCURED MATERIAL

Specific Gravity @ 25 °C 1.09 Flash Point - See MSDS Viscosity, Brookfield - RVT, 25 °C, mPa·s (cP):

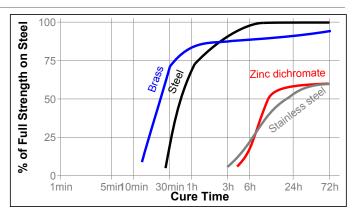
 Spindle 6, speed 2.5 rpm
 70,000 to 130,000^{LMS}

 Spindle 6, speed 20 rpm
 16,000 to 33,000^{LMS}

TYPICAL CURING PERFORMANCE

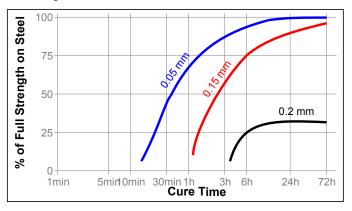
Cure Speed vs. Substrate

The rate of cure will depend on the substrate used. The graph below shows the breakaway strength developed with time on M10 steel nuts and bolts compared to different materials and tested according to ISO 10964.



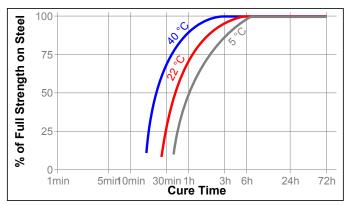
Cure Speed vs. Bond Gap

The rate of cure will depend on the bondline gap. Gaps in threaded fasteners depends on thread type, quality and size. The following graph shows shear strength developed with time on steel pins and collars at different controlled gaps and tested according to ISO 10123.



Cure Speed vs. Temperature

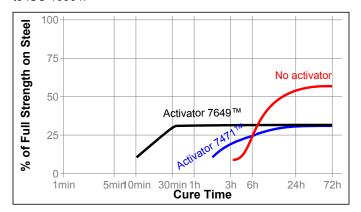
The rate of cure will depend on the temperature. The graph below shows the breakaway strength developed with time at different temperatures on M10 steel nuts and bolts and tested according to ISO 10964.





Cure Speed vs. Activator

Where cure speed is unacceptably long, or large gaps are present, applying activator to the surface will improve cure speed. The graph below shows the breakaway strength developed with time on M10 zinc dichromate steel nuts and bolts using Activator 7471™ and 7649™ and tested according to ISO 10964.



TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF CURED MATERIAL

Physical Properties:

Coefficient of Thermal Expansion, ISO 11359-2. K ⁻¹	80×10 ⁻⁶
Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity, ISO 8302,	0.1
W/(m·K) Specific Heat, kJ/(kg·K)	0.3

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE OF CURED MATERIAL Adhesive Properties

After 24 hours @ 22 °C

Breakaway Torque, ISO 10964:

M10 steel nuts and bolts N·m 11 (lb.in.) (100)

Prevail Torque, ISO 10964:

M10 steel nuts and bolts N·m 6 (lb.in.) (50)

Breakloose Torque, ISO 10964, Pre-torqued to 5 N·m:

M10 steel nuts and bolts N·m 17 (lb.in.) (150)

Max. Prevail Torque, ISO 10964, Pre-torqued to 5 N·m: M10 steel nuts and bolts N·m 17

(lb.in.) (150)

Compressive Shear Strength, ISO 10123:

Steel pins and collars N/mm^2 5^{LMS} (psi) (725)

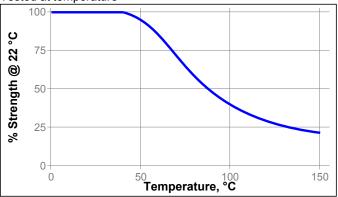
TYPICAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESISTANCE

Cured for 1 week @ 22 °C

Breakloose Torque, ISO 10964, Pre-torqued to 5 N·m: M10 zinc phosphate steel nuts and bolts

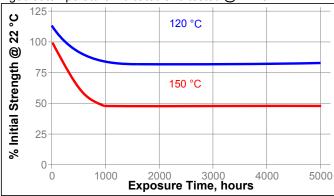
Hot Strength

Tested at temperature



Heat Aging

Aged at temperature indicated and tested @ 22 °C



Chemical/Solvent Resistance

Aged under conditions indicated and tested @ 22 °C.

		% of initial strength		
Environment	°C	100 h	500 h	1000 h
Motor oil (MIL-L-46152)	125	100	100	100
Unleaded Petrol	22	100	100	100
Brake fluid	22	100	100	95
Ethanol	22	100	100	95
Acetone	22	90	80	65
Water/glycol 50/50	87	100	90	90

GENERAL INFORMATION

This product is not recommended for use in pure oxygen and/or oxygen rich systems and should not be selected as a sealant for chlorine or other strong oxidizing materials

For safe handling information on this product, consult the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).

Where aqueous washing systems are used to clean the surfaces before bonding, it is important to check for compatibility of the washing solution with the adhesive. In some cases these aqueous washes can affect the cure and performance of the adhesive.

This product is not normally recommended for use on plastics (particularly thermoplastic materials where stress cracking of the plastic could result). Users are recommended to confirm compatibility of the product with such substrates.

Directions for use:

For Assembly

- 1. For best results, clean all surfaces (external and internal) with a LOCTITE[®] cleaning solvent and allow to dry.
- If the material is an inactive metal or the cure speed is too slow, spray with Activator 7471™ or 7649™ and allow to dry.
- Apply a 360° bead of product to the leading threads of the male fitting, leaving the first thread free. Force the material into the threads to thoroughly fill the voids. For bigger threads and voids, adjust product amount accordingly and apply a 360° bead of product on the female threads also.
- Using compliant practices, assemble and wrench tighten fittings in accordance with manufacturers recommendations.
- Properly tightened fittings will seal instantly to moderate pressures. For maximum pressure resistance and solvent resistance allow the product to cure a minimum of 24 hours.

For Disassembly

- 1. Remove with standard hand tools.
- Where hand tools do not work because of excessive engagement length or large diameters (over 1"), apply localized heat to approximately 250 °C. Disassemble while hot.

For Cleanup

 Cured product can be removed with a combination of soaking in a Loctite solvent and mechanical abrasion such as a wire brush.

Loctite Material Specification^{LMS}

LMS dated June 18, 2001. Test reports for each batch are available for the indicated properties. LMS test reports include selected QC test parameters considered appropriate to specifications for customer use. Additionally, comprehensive controls are in place to assure product quality and consistency. Special customer specification requirements may be coordinated through Henkel Quality.

Storage

Store product in the unopened container in a dry location. Storage information may be indicated on the product container labeling.

Optimal Storage: 8 °C to 21 °C. Storage below 8 °C or greater than 28 °C can adversely affect product properties. Material removed from containers may be contaminated during use. Do not return product to the original container. Henkel Corporation cannot assume responsibility for product which has been contaminated or stored under conditions other than those previously indicated. If additional information is required, please contact your local Technical Service Center or Customer Service Representative.

Conversions

(°C x 1.8) + 32 = °F kV/mm x 25.4 = V/mil mm / 25.4 = inches μ m / 25.4 = mil N x 0.225 = lb N/mm x 5.71 = lb/in N/mm² x 145 = psi MPa x 145 = psi N·m x 8.851 = lb·in N·m x 0.738 = lb·ft N·mm x 0.142 = oz·in mPa·s = cP

Note

The data contained herein are furnished for information only and are believed to be reliable. We cannot assume responsibility for the results obtained by others over whose methods we have no control. It is the user's responsibility to determine suitability for the user's purpose of any production methods mentioned herein and to adopt such precautions as may be advisable for the protection of property and of persons against any hazards that may be involved in the handling and use thereof. In light of the foregoing, Henkel Corporation specifically disclaims all warranties expressed or implied, including warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, arising from sale or use of Henkel Corporation's products. Henkel Corporation specifically disclaims any liability for consequential or incidental damages of any kind, including lost profits. The discussion herein of various processes or compositions is not to be interpreted as representation that they are free from domination of patents owned by others or as a license under any Henkel Corporation patents that may cover such processes or compositions. We recommend that each prospective user test his proposed application before repetitive use, using this data as a guide. This product may be covered by one or more United States or foreign patents or patent applications.

Trademark usage

Except as otherwise noted, all trademarks in this document are trademarks of Henkel Corporation in the U.S. and elsewhere. [®] denotes a trademark registered in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

Reference 1.1